

SkinLift DPHP

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 /
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1 PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

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| Product Name: | SkinLift DPHP | Distributor: | MakingCosmetics Inc. |
| Synonyms: | trans-1-(1-oxohexadecyl)-4-[(1-oxohexadecyl)oxy]-L-proline | Address: | 10800 231 st Way NE Redmond, WA 98053 (USA) |
| INCI Name: | Dipalmitoyl hydroxyproline | Phone / Fax: | 425-292-9502 / 425-292-9601 |
| CAS Number: | 41672-81-5 | Web: | www.makingcosmetics.com |
| Formula: | No data available | Emergency Telephone Number: 1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec) | |
| Product Form: | Solid (powder) | | |
| Product Use: | Cosmetic use | | |

2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification: Combustible Dusts
Eye Irritation - Category 2A
Aquatic Hazard (long term) - Category 3

Signal Word: **WARNING!**

GHS Hazard Pictograms: 

GHS Hazard Statements: Causes serious eye irritation.
Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

GHS Precautionary Statements: Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment.
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national, and international regulations.
Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Prevent dust accumulation.
Only use for industrial purposes. Prohibited to use for food processing or animal feed processing.

Potential Health Hazards: Eyes: Causes serious eye irritation. Adverse symptoms may include pain or irritation, watering, or redness.
Inhalation: Exposure to airborne concentrations above statutory or recommended exposure limits may cause irritation of the nose, throat, and lungs. Adverse symptoms may include respiratory tract irritation, coughing.
Skin: Not expected to be irritant.
Ingestion: Irritating to mouth, throat, and stomach.

NFPA Ratings (704):

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| Health | 2 | Moderate |
| Flammability | 3 | Serious |
| Reactivity | 0 | Minimal |
| Specific Hazard | N/A | |

3 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| <u>Component</u> | <u>CAS No.</u> | <u>Weight %</u> | <u>Molecular Weight</u> |
|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Dipalmitoyl Hydroxyproline | 41672-81-5 | 80-100% | Not Available |

4 FIRST AID MEASURES

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| Eyes: | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
| Inhalation: | Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular, or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. |
| Skin: | Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion: | Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do Not Induce Vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband. |

5 FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

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| Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media: | May be combustible at high temperature. Use appropriate media (dry chemical powder) for adjacent fire. Do not use high pressure media which could cause the formation of a potentially explosible dust-air mixture. |
| Special protective equipment & precautions for firefighters: | Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep exposed containers cool. Firefighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive-pressure mode. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer, or drain. |
| Flash Points (closed cup): | 243.5 °C (470.3 °F) [ASTM D 93] |
| Specific hazards arising from the chemical: | May form explosible dust-air mixture if dispersed. Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long-lasting effects. See also Stability and Reactivity section. |

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

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| Personal precautions, protective equipment & emergency procedures: | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking, or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing dust. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not try to clean up the leak without proper protective equipment. See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. |
| Environmental precautions: | Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil, or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. |
| Methods and material for containment and cleaning up: | <p>Small spill: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.</p> <p>Large spill: Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements, or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Avoid creating dusty conditions and prevent wind dispersal.</p> |

7 HANDLING & STORAGE

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| Precautions for safe handling: | Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. See section 8 for recommendations on the use of personal protective equipment. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing dust. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Prevent dust accumulation. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Electrical equipment and lighting should be protected to appropriate standards to prevent dust coming into contact with hot surfaces, sparks, or other ignition sources. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Eating, drinking, and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored, and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking, and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Only use for industrial purposes. Prohibited for use for food processing or animal feed processing. |
| Conditions for safe storage, incl. any incompatibilities: | Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool, and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready to use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

| <u>Component</u> | <u>Exposure Limits</u> | <u>Basis</u> | <u>Entity</u> |
|----------------------------|------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Dipalmitoyl Hydroxyproline | Not available | | |

TWA: Time Weighted Average over 8 hours of work.
 TLV: Threshold Limit Value over 8 hours of work.
 REL: Recommended Exposure Limit
 PEL: Permissible Exposure Limit

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit during x minutes.
 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health
 WEEL: Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels
 CEIL: Ceiling

Personal Protection:

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| Eyes: | Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases, or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. If operating conditions cause high dust concentrations to be produced, use dust goggles. |
| Inhalation: | Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor, or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor, or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters, or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Body: | Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: nitrile rubber, PVC. Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Other: | Wash hands, forearms, and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking, and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Provide eyewash stations, quick-drench showers and washing facilities accessible to areas of use and handling. |

9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

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| Appearance: | Solid (powder) | Vapor Pressure: | No data available |
| Odor: | Characteristic | Vapor Density: | No data available |
| Odor Threshold: | No data available | Evaporation Rate: | No data available |
| Color: | White to yellowish | Flammability: | Non-flammable |
| Molecular Weight: | No data available | Upper/lower Explosive Limit: | No data available |
| pH: | 3.4 [conc. (% w/w): 1%] | Flash Point (closed cup): | 243.5°C (470.3°F) [ASTM D 93] |
| Boiling Point: | >300°C (>572°F) | Specific Gravity: | No data available |
| Melting Point: | 69°C (156.2°F) | Solubility in Water: | Very slightly soluble in cold water (<0.001 g/L) |
| Relative Density: | 0.39 [not tapped] | Auto-Ignition Temperature: | No data available |
| Partition Coefficient: n-octanol/water: | 13.2 | Decomposition Temperature: | No data available |
| Viscosity: | No data available | Explosive Properties: | No data available |
| Oxidizing Properties: | No data available | Freezing Point: | No data available |
| Granulometry: | 90µm < < 100µm 78% | | |

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

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| Reactivity: | No data available |
| Chemical Stability: | Product is stable. |
| Hazardous Polymerization: | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to Avoid: | Avoid the creation of dust when handling and avoid all possible sources of ignitions (spark or flame). Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Prevent dust accumulation. |
| Incompatible Materials: | Keep away from oxidizing agents. |
| Hazardous Decomposition Products: | Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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| Acute Toxicity: | Not classified as dangerous. |
| Skin: | Non-irritating to skin. 2500 mg/kg |
| Eyes: | Irritating to eyes. |
| Respiratory: | No data available |
| Ingestion: | 2500 mg/kg |
| Carcinogenicity: | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity: | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Germ Cell Mutagenicity: | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Embryotoxicity: | No data available |
| Specific Target Organ Toxicity: | No data available |
| Reproductive Toxicity: | No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Respiratory/Skin Sensitization: | No data available |
| Corrosivity: | No data available |
| Sensitization: | Non-sensitizer to skin. |
| Irritation: | No data available |
| Repeated Dose Toxicity: | No data available |

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

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| Ecotoxicity: | Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. |
| Aquatic Vertebrate: | Acute LC50: 24mg/L (96h) (<i>Danio rerio</i>) [OCDE 203] |
| Aquatic Invertebrate: | Acute LC50: >100mg/L (48h) (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) [OCDE 202] |
| Terrestrial: | Acute LC50: >100mg/L (72) (<i>Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata</i>) [OCDE 201] Acute LC50: >1000mg/L (3h) (Micro-organism) [OCDE 209] |

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| Persistence and Degradability: | Readily biodegradable (74%; 28d) [OCDE 301F; 100 mg/L; activated sludge] |
| Bioaccumulative Potential: | LogP _{ow} : 13.2 BCF: 3.2 Potential: low |
| Mobility in Soil: | Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc}): 28.84 |
| PBT and vPvB Assessment: | No data available |
| Other Adverse Effects: | No data available |

13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

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| Waste Residues: | The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions, and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. |
| Product Containers: | Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleared or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains, and sewers. |

The information in section 13 is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product may change the characteristics of the material and alter the waste classification and proper disposal methods

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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| DOT (Dept. of Transportation, USA): | Not regulated. |
| TDG (Transportation of Dangerous Goods, Canada): | Not regulated. |
| IMDG (International Maritime Dangerous Goods): | Not regulated. |
| IATA (International Air Transport Association): | Not regulated. |
| ICAO (International Civil Aviation Organization): | Not regulated. |

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

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| TSCA Inventory Status: | No data available |
| DSCL (EEC): | No data available |
| WHMIS (Canada): | No data available |
| DSL (Canada): | No data available |
| EU EINECS/ELINCS/NLP: | No data available |
| China IECSC: | No data available |
| China IECIC (06.30.2014): | No data available |
| Australia AICS: | No data available |
| Japan ENCS: | No data available |
| Philippines PICCS: | No data available |
| Korea KECI: | No data available |
| New Zealand NZIoC: | No data available |
| Clean Air Act: | Not listed in Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs). Not listed in Section 602 Class I Substances. Not listed in Section 602 Class II Substances. |
| DEA: | Not listed on List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) Not listed on List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) |
| EPA Signal Word: | No data available |
| SARA Section 302/304: | No products were found. |
| SARA Section 311/312: | Combustible Dusts Eye Irritation - Category 2A |
| Massachusetts RTK: | No data available |
| New York RTK: | None of the components are listed. |
| New Jersey RTK: | None of the components are listed. |
| Pennsylvania RTK: | None of the components are listed. |

California Prop. 65: This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

16 OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date: 08-Nov-2021

Compliance: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

Disclaimer: This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any other process. Such information is to be the best of the company's knowledge and believed accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no representation, warranty or guarantee of any kind, express or implied, is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness and we assume no responsibility for any loss, damage or expense, direct or consequential, arising out of use. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability & completeness of such information for his own particular use.